**CLASSIFICATION OF DAFFODILS**

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| Div%201%20American%20dream**Division 1: Trumpet Daffodil** One flower to a stem; corona (trumpet) as long as, or longer than, the perianth segments (petals) | div%202**Division 2: Large-cupped (or long-cupped) daffodils**The corona (‘cup’) is more than one-third the length of the perianth segments (petals), but not as long. | Div%203**Division 3: Small-cupped (or short-cupped) daffodils**The corona (cup) is not more than one-third the length of the perianth segments (petals). |
| div%204**Division 4: Double daffodils**These show doubling of the perianth segments (petals) or the corona (trumpet or cup), or both. | div%205**Division 5: Triandrus daffodils**Have the characteristics of *Narcissus triandrus* clearly evident. There are usually two or more pendant flowers per stem, with perianth segments reflexed | div%206**Division 6: Cyclamineus daffodils**Have the characteristics of *N. cyclamineus* clearly evident. There is usually one flower per stem, with perianth segments well reflexed, and the flower held at an acute angle and with very short neck |
| div%207**Division 7: Jonquilla and Apodanthus daffodils**Have the characteristics of Sections Jonquillae or Apodanthi clearly evident. There are usually one to five flowers per stem, with perianth segments spreading or reflexed, the corona wide and the flower fragrant | div%208**Division 8: Tazetta daffodils**Have the characteristics of Section Tazetta clearly evident. There are usually three to 20 flowers per stem, with strong stem, the perianth segments spreading and the flower fragrant | div%209**Division 9: Poeticus daffodil**Have the characteristics of the *N. poeticus* group. There is usually one flower per stem, the perianth segments pure white, the corona short or disc-like and the flower usually fragrant |
| div%2010**Division 10: Bulbocodium daffodils**Have the characteristics of Section Bulbocodium clearly evident. There is usually one flower per stem, the perianth segments are insignificant and anthers centrally attached to filament. | div%2011**Division 11: Split-corona daffodils**The corona is split. | div%2012**Division 12: Other daffodils**Those that do not fit the description of any other Divisions. | div%2013**Division 13: Wild types** These are the species, naturally occurring hybrids, etc. (or “daffodil distinguished solely by botanical name”). |